

MARONET.—Slightly above the middle size, his figure, tho' spare, was handsome and commanding, the chest broad and open, the bones and framework large the joints well knit together. His neck was long and finely moulded. The head, unusually large, gave space for a broad and nobly brow. The hair, thick jet black, and slightly curling, fell down over his ears. The eyebrows were arched and joined; the countenance thin, but ruddy. His large eyes, intensely black and piercing, received additional luster from their long dark eyelashes. The nose was high and slightly aquiline, but fine, and at the end attenuated. The teeth were far apart. A long, black, bushy beard, reached to the breast, added manliness and presence. His expression was pensive and contented. The face beamed with intelligence, though something of the senile also might be there discerned. The skin of his body was clear and soft; the only hair that met the eye was a fine thin line which ran down from the neck towards the navel. His broad back leaned slightly forward as he walked; and his step was hasty, yet sharp and decided, like that of one rapidly descending a declivity. There was something unsettled in his blood-shot eye, which refused to rest upon its object. When he turned towards you, it was never partially, but with the whole body.

MARONETIAN HATRED OF CHRISTIANITY.—The correspondent of the Daily News, writing from Beyrout, July 24th, describes the disturbed state of Mount Lebanon, in consequence of the insults and oppression the Christian population have to endure from the Mussulmans, and continues thus:

"There is a subject which has gradually forced itself upon the attention of all Europeans resident in Turkey—I mean the return to their ancient bigotry and their hatred of Christianity of all those who profess Mahometanism. In this part of Syria, where Christians are in a very decided majority over Mussulmans, we do not perceive it so much; but even here—more especially amongst the Omani Turks who come from Constantinople or Smyrna in government employment—we see day by day that the followers of the Prophet withdraw themselves more and more from all intercourse with either Christians or others, and blame openly those of their own creed who formerly made it fashionable to break down the wall of separation. This is not a mere which can date further back than two years ago; and many of the more intelligent Turks, whilst lamenting that it should ever have arisen, do nevertheless admit that it is on the increase, and that it will soon be as rare as it was thirty years ago to see a Mussulman on good or friendly terms with any one who does not believe in the Koran.—There is also an evident uneasy, restless spirit visible amongst the lower orders of their creed, and a looking forward amongst them to a day when they can take up the sword against all unbelievers. In Syria—or in this part of it at any rate—the Christian population so greatly outnumbers the Mussulman that there is nothing to be afraid of; but I have more than once heard it hinted—and this too by men not at all given to believe in ghosts—that it would not be surprising if some day a very general rising of Mahometans was to take place from all over Turkey. Altho' anything out of an alarmist, I would strongly advise more than the usual number of men of war to be kept in these seas, for it would need but the slightest spark to light a flame of fanaticism in Turkey or Asia Minor. The advice is disinterested, for as I said before, in Syria we have nothing to fear, being surrounded by an armed Christian population.

THE CAPTURED AFRICANS.—The United States Frigate Niagara sailed on Sunday to Charleston, to receive on board the Africans captured by the United States brig Dolphin, and convey them to Liberia, where they will be placed in the keeping of the Colonization Society for one year, the government paying the expenses.

The Washington Union, Buchanan's organ, apologizes to the owners of the Democratic party in the slave States, for the action of the President in sending these negroes back to Africa, on the ground of its legal necessity—the President "had no opinion." Hear it:

"As various discussions have been lately rife in the Union on the propriety or expediency of returning these captives again to their native costs, and the subject has been treated as if the President possessed under the law an option whether to send them back to Africa or retain them on this account, it is proper that we should here quote the law under which his proceedings have been taken, from which it will be seen he was allowed no such option as that we have alluded to.

The Union itself, and no doubt those for whom it speaks, had other preferences. If they could have had their own way in the matter, the captives would have been 'consigned to a congenial and natural bondage on our southern plantations.'—Hear the National organ again:

"It is not for us to comment upon the policy of a law which consigns these captives again, after but a year's respite, to the miserable existence which they had escaped on their native shores; or to raise the question whether their own welfare would not have been better consulted by retaining them here—either consigning them to a congenial and natural bondage on our southern plantations, or turning them over to the official philanthropy of New England Abolitionism. *Id est scriptura lex*; and while it continues thus to be written, such a discussion would be only a vain speculation."

THANKSGIVING DAY.—Thursday, Nov. 14th, is appointed Thanksgiving day in New York.

Bayard T. Tyler is expected home in the Saxonia, which was to leave Southampton on the 14th inst.

## TRUE NORTHERNER.

T. R. HARRISON, Editor.  
S. H. BLACKMAN, Editor.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

PAW PAW, FRIDAY, OCT. 15, 1858.

### "X."

Subscribers receiving their papers with the above mark placed opposite their names, will know that the time for which they subscribed has expired.

### REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor.  
MOSES WISNER, of Oakland.

For Lieutenant Governor.  
EDMUND B. FAIRFIELD, of Hillsdale.

For Secretary of State.  
NELSON G. ISBEL, of Livingston.

For Treasurer.  
JOHN MCKINNEY, of Van Buren.

For Auditor General.  
DANIEL L. CASE, of Ingham.

For Commissioner of State Land Office.  
JAMES W. SANBORN, of St. Clair.

For Attorney General.  
JACOB M. HOWARD, of Wayne.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.  
JOHN M. GREGORY, of Washtenaw.

For Member of the Board of Education.  
WITTER J. BAXTER, of Hillsdale.

For Congressman, 3d District.—Francis W. Kellogg.

For Senator, XIXth Senatorial District.  
PHILOPUS HAYDEN, of Van Buren Co.

### COUNTY TICKET.

For Representative—Fabius Miles.  
For Register of Deeds—Thomas B. Irwin.  
For County Treasurer—John M. Ridlon.  
For County Clerk—S. Tallmadge Conway.  
For Prosecuting Attorney—Chas. H. Richards.  
For Sheriff—John H. Woodard.  
For Circuit Court Commissioner—Samuel H. Blackman.  
For County Surveyor—Samuel A. Tripp.  
For Coroners—Ashbel Heron and Jas. J. Hunt.

Gov. K. S. Bingham, speaks in Decatur, on Saturday evening, the 23d inst. **Republicans Rally.**

### Facts for Voters To Remember.

REMEMBER that John J. Adams, the Dred Scott, Leecompton candidate for Auditor General was a State officer at the time the Detroit and Pontiac Railroad bonds were compromised and that he was one of the agents through whom the State last year THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, in a single transaction.

REMEMBER that Geo. B. Cooper, the Dred Scott, Leecompton candidate for Congress, was also a State officer when the claim of the State against the Road was RELINQUISHED FOR "FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, in cash," and seventeen thousand in something else.

REMEMBER that the Locofoco State officers re-issued SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS of Government Stock bills, by which the people were defrauded out of that amount.

REMEMBER that the Locofoco paid a fraudulent claim of THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, to the Phoenix Bank.

REMEMBER that the Locofoco paid in the same year as the above, and mostly in the same month, other fraudulent claims amounting to THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

REMEMBER that they permitted the interest on over \$900,000 of the State debt that they created to remain unpaid until it had more than doubled while they kept the money in the Treasury FOR THEIR OWN PRIVATE USE, paying to the State in seven years for interest on the surplus, less than sixteen hundred dollars.

REMEMBER that they lost to the School fund by a fraudulent sale of a single section of mineral School lands, TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

REMEMBER that Charles E. Stuart, the Dred Scott, Leecompton candidate for Governor, has promised if elected he will restore THE SAME STATE OF THINGS as that under which THESE STUPIDOUS FRAUDS were committed.

REMEMBER, finally, that the Dred Scott, Leecompton Democracy of Michigan are committed to this fraudulent *blighting* policy, and are doing all in their power to fasten it once more upon the State, by electing Chas. E. Stuart and his Pro-Slavery colleagues to office.

### Question for the People to Answer.

The Slave Democratic Party contend that it requires 28,500 people to make a Free State of Kansas, while they are willing to have it come in as a Slave State with only 35,000.

IF THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND PEOPLE ARE ENOUGH TO FORM A SLAVE STATE, WHY SHOULD THEY NOT BE ENOUGH TO FORM A FREE STATE?

CALIFORNIA.—The returns show a large Republican gain throughout the State. For the first time, the Republicans have swept San Francisco.

State elections were held in three states last Tuesday, viz: Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Indiana. Besides State Officers, fifty-seven Congressmen were elected. Politically these states are now represented by 30 Democrats, and 27 Republicans. How the last election has changed these figures; we are unable yet to determine; we hope, however, before going to press, to be able to give our readers a cheering account of more Republican victories.

Remember, that the Republican party, through its Press, have not shown the people what has become of that half-million dollars left in the Treasury at the close of Gov. Barry's Administration, and also the large appropriations made by their Legislature, but takes the ground that if one administration does wrong, they can justify their own frauds, by charging the former Administrations of fraud.—*Western Chronicle.*

Either the *Chronicle* has a very treacherous memory, or very bad morals—it has either forgotten that the Republican party has shown over and over again "what became of the half-million dollars," or willfully falsifies the fact. There is scarcely a week for the last year that the *Advertiser* has not told the people all about it.—The State officers have accounted for every dollar of it, and the *Chronicle* and every other Dred Scott organ in the State not only know how it has been expended, but that every dollar has been honestly expended for legitimate and proper objects.

They all know that the present Administration have paid about \$300,000 more towards the completion of necessary public buildings than the Locofocos—that they have paid off \$160,000 of the principal of the State debt, while the Locofocos paid nothing, and even ran the State in debt; that they have paid \$87,000 more interest on the public debt than the Locofocos did, and that they have paid \$50,000 for compiling and printing the laws of the State to meet an urgent public want contemplated by the constitution.

Here is an expenditure of about \$600,000 for objects whose public utility no one has ever disputed—or no man of honesty and intelligence of any party, which has fallen upon the present Administration beyond what their Locofoco predecessors were required to pay or did pay to promote the general welfare of the State. This sum exceeds more than \$150,000 the amount they found in the Treasury unappropriated. Thousands of dollars besides have been expended to advance the general interests of the State by the party now in power, which were avoided by the Locofocos that they might keep a large sum in the Treasury for their own use. And all this has been done without increasing the State debt, with largely diminished receipts in the Treasury.—*Det. Adv.*

### Congressional Nomination in the Third District.

The telegraphic announcement of the proceedings of the Third District Republican Congressional Convention, informs us that Hon. Francis W. Kellogg, of Kent county was nominated for Congress. Mr Kellogg, has not been a long resident of the State, but, making a most successful debut, at the Marshall convention two years ago, he soon rose into deserved prominence by fiery and impressive eloquence of extemporaneous speaking. But few men possess in a higher degree that magnetic power of oratory, that thrill and move the masses, than he. He was elected to the State Legislature in 1856 by a handsome majority, and on both the regular and called sessions of that body, proved a leading and useful member. He is a staunch Republican from deep conviction and will always maintain untarnished the principles of the party. He will of course be triumphantly elected.—*[Det. Trib.]*

If the swamp lands had been advertised under the law enacted by the Locofocos it would have cost the State \$241,780. Under the law enacted by the Republicans, it only costs \$12,555. This makes a direct saving to the people of \$229,225 in a single item. Perhaps this is a little greater proportion of saving than has generally resulted from the policy adopted by the Republicans; but it is only an indication of the uniform economy they have adopted throughout the whole administration.—*[Det. Adv.]*

ARIZONA.—The largest political convention ever held on the Rio Grande, assembled at Mesilla, on the 3d of September—the delegates represented about 10,000 people. Resolutions were passed calling on Congress to organize a Territorial Government at an early day; expressing a determination not to send members to the Legislature of New Mexico, and to hold a new election for Delegates to Congress, in order to show largely-increased vote since last year. At the latest advice, considerable emigration was coming into Arizona, from Texas and the Southern States, as well as from the Northwest.

## LATEST BY TELEGRAPH!

### The Elections of Tuesday! OVERWHELMING OVERTHROW OF LOCOMOTONISM!

Indiana Repudiates the English Bill!

OHIO TRUE TO FREEDOM, 15,000 Republican Majority!

PENNSYLVANIA WIPES OUT BUCHANAN

OLD BERKS CAVES IN!

J. GLANCY JONES DEFEATED!

Total Gain so Far of Sixteen Members of Congress!

### The Quakers have Voted!

Pennsylvania Election—Gain of Nine Members of Congress—Old Berks Repudiates the President!

Ohio Election—Ten to Fifteen Thousand Majority, and a Gain of Three Members of Congress!

Indiana—Only Two Locofoco Members Elected so far—Four Gain for the Republicans.

Full reports of the elections just held in the great States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, have not been received, but enough has come to hand, to show that great and glorious victories have been achieved in all of the above states. Truth, Justice and Liberty, have again triumphed over truckling, subservient, and treacherous doughfacism. Buchanan has been most signally rebuked in his own State.—J. Glancy Jones, his bosom friend and man-Friday, has been terribly defeated.—Full reports have been received from Maine, showing that the Republicans have carried every Congressman, besides electing their entire State ticket. Connecticut, also has held its town meetings, showing a Republican gain of fourteen towns. In two years more, we think, the Kansas question will be settled to the satisfaction of the entire north, and as C. E. Stuart said the other day, with large Republican gains all over the country.—*Wash. Herald.*

### More Republican Victories

Connecticut, All Right.

Connecticut is a Republican—thoroughly so—and nothing but the difference of friends can at any time place her in a wrong position. We have returns from 115 towns. The Republicans have carried 69—the Administration 46—in 15 towns the Board is divided—and in one the return is uncertain. The Republicans have gained 14 towns, and the Administration 6.—*[New Haven Palladium.]*

### Main Elections—Official.

The Kennebec Journal of Saturday contains the complete official returns of the recent election. Gov. Merrill's majority is 8,842.

Both the doubtful Congressional Districts prove Republican. Posters majority in the 6th being 137, and French's in the 3d being 56. This makes the delegation unanimous. The Legislature stand: SENATE—31 Republicans. HOUSE—103 Republicans. 43 Democratic.

### The State Debt—How the Account Stands.

"Democratic" editors are daily reiterating the charge, that the Republican Administration have increased the State debt. A reference to official documents will settle all questions of fact, pertaining to "democratic" or Republican administrations. See page 5, Treasurer's report of 1857 and you will see that the Republicans paid, on the principal of the State bond,

In 1855, - - - - -	\$57,203 36
In 1856, - - - - -	82,636 93
In 1857, - - - - -	8,195 04
Total paid, - - - - -	\$147,935 34
Borrowed in 1858, in consequence of the non-payment of taxes, - - - - -	\$50,000 00

Showing a Reduction of \$97,935 34

of the Principal of the State Debt, by the Republicans, instead of an increase of it and clearly proving by official records, that this, like all other charges against Republican administration, is utterly false.

### Final Result in the Upper Peninsula.

We learn from a correspondent at Sault Ste. Marie that the election of W. E. Dickinson Esq., Republican, to the Senate, is conceded by about 500 majority, and that the three "Democratic" members of the Assembly have been elected. In the Mackinaw district there was no Republican candidate. At Ontonagon both parties voted for Greenfield, the Democratic candidate, and Dickinson, Republican. The Republican candidate for Assembly in the counties of Ontonagon and Houghton was brought out at so late a day that there was no concert of action amongst the Republicans of the district. If he had been nominated at an early day, Mr. Brockway would undoubtedly have been elected. As it is we have gained one Senator, which is a good beginning. None of the Locofocos were elected on purely party grounds.—*[Det. Adv.]*

SHALL REPUBLICANS VOTE FOR CHAS. E. STUART?—These are his words, at the City Hall in Detroit, in accepting the Locofoco nomination:

"He who supposes I stand in antagonism to the great central Administration party at Washington misunderstands me, and next to the God I worship, I endorse all the doctrines of the Administration."

Yet his friends have the effrontery to ask Republicans to vote for him—how else do they, or can they hope to elect him?

AN OVER TAXED PEOPLE.—The gross amount of State Taxes paid by sixteen of the richest men in Ingham County is twenty-seven dollars and fifty cents, or less than two dollars a piece. These are the kind of "burthens" the Republicans have imposed upon the people of Michigan, and over which the Dred Scott press of this State has kept up such a terrific howl day and night, in season and out of season, for the last year or more! People of Michigan, do you not think you are a greatly injured and oppressed people? If you believe the Locofoco press, you cannot doubt it. If our readers will examine the matter in different parts of the State, we have no doubt that they will be found to be as severely oppressed as the wealthy men of Ingham county are.—*Det. Adv.*

Wm. Lloyd Garrison states that in 1828, when he printed a paper in Vermont, to support John Quincy Adams for the Presidency, he circulated petitions for the abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia, and was readily aided by the various postmasters, who, in the course of a few days returned them, bearing not less than six or seven thousand signatures, which were promptly forwarded to Congress. If any postmaster should now venture to sign and circulate such a petition, how prompt would be his dismissal from office!

During our visit to Lowell we were shown through the Laboratory of our celebrated countryman, Dr. J. C. Ayer. Scarcely could we have believed what is seen there without proof beyond disputing.

Try consume a barrel of J. C. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, 120,000 doses, per annum. To what an enormous amount of human suffering does this point!—170,000 doses a day! Fifty millions of doses per year! What acres and thousands of acres of sick beds does this spread before the imagination! And what sympathies and what love, not all of this is taken by the very sick, but also, much of it is. The Cherry Pectoral, our mother and sister's sorrow—the inheritance of our mother Eve's punishment to the whole family of man.—Here the infant darling has been tormented too early by the blight that withers half our race. Its little lungs are affected and only watching and waiting shall tell which way its breath shall turn. This red drop on its tablet is the talisman on which its life shall hang. The blossom of the world just bursting into womanhood is stricken also. Affections most precious are killed not, she is still nursing way. The mother we never comes in anger and nearer every week. This little medicine shall go there, their last, perhaps their only hope. The strong man has planted in his ribs, the same disease. This red drop by his side is helping him wrestle with the inexorable enemy; the wife of his bosom and the cherubs of his heart are waiting in sick sorrow and fear lest the red on which they lean in this world, be broken.

O Doctor! Spare no skill, nor cost, nor toil to give the perishing sick the best that human art can give.—*[Illustration, Trunk, New.]*

DR. ROBACK'S THERIAC AND PAIN-EXPELLER.—It would seem that Dr. Roback's "Remedies" have taken the highest rank among the standard medicines of the day. His theory is, that in whatever organ disease may show itself, its roots are in the blood. Hence, his famous Swedish remedies, the Blood Purifier and the Blood Pills are designed to act specifically upon the sanguiferous field. One thing cannot be disputed, they produce most salutary effects even in apparently hopeless cases. Individuals who have suffered for years from dyspepsia, scurvy, eruptions of the skin, bronchitis, asthma, general prostration, liver complaint, rheumatism, neuralgia, and many other distressing maladies, report themselves, over their own signatures, as radically cured by a course of these Remedies. The claims of Dr. Roback's advertisements are therefore supported by competent proof. See Advertisement.

### DIED.

In Antwerp, on the 28th ult., CORA E. daughter of W. F. and M. E. Cook, aged 15th month and 19 days.

### To-day's Advertisements.

### Lost!

In this village, on the 27th of September, a Warranty Deed, from S. H. Simpson to Isaac Parish, of Almon. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at this office.

ISAAC PARISH.

Paw Paw, Oct. 14th, '58 1858-2

### Union School.

THE UNION DISTRICT SCHOOL, Paw Paw, Mich., will open for the reception of Pupils, on the 18th of Oct. 1858, with the following Board of Teachers:

ELIAS COOLEY, PRINCIPAL.  
H. P. NELSON, TEACHER OF INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.  
MISS LORINDA LONGWELL, TEACHER OF PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

N. B.—Pupils will be graduated according to studies pursued. Pupils residing out of the District, will be received at the rate of \$3.00 per Term. By Order of the Board.

CHARLES SELLECK, Director.

### PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN—Van Buren County. Probate Court for said county. Notice is hereby given that application has been made to said court by Samuel S. Whitlock, for proving the last will and testament of Aaron Whitlock, deceased. It is, therefore, hereby ordered, that the eighth day of November next, be and the same is hereby appointed for hearing said application, and for proving said will and testament, at the Probate office, in Paw Paw, in said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and it is also ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, appear before the Judge of said court at the time and place above mentioned, to contest the probate of said will. It is further ordered, that the above notice and order be published in the True Northern, a newspaper published in said county, once in each week, for three successive weeks, preceding said day of bearing.

1858-3.  
OCTOBER 12th 1858.  
J. W. YASE, Judge of Probate.

## J. Sherman & Co's Column.

\$30,000

WORTH OF

## FALL & WINTER GOODS

Now Opening at the Old Stand of

## A. SHERMAN & CO.

The Credit System abolished. No more "trust" after the 1st day of October, 1858, but

## Cash or Ready Pay.

We will sell Goods from

## FIFTEEN TO TWENTY PER CENT.

Lower than now any store here has sold in Van Buren County. Now is the time to make your purchases. We are enabled to offer the most splendid, desirable and seasonable assortment of

## DRY GOODS.

## Ready Made Clothing.

## HATS & CAPS.

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

## YANKEE NOTIONS.

## AND GROCERIES.

That have ever been offered in Western Michigan.

SHAWLS, SILKS, BATINA, RIBBONS, GLOVES, COLLARS, HOSIERY, DOLMANS, FARMER'S, MEREKING, CORUGES.

and every other style of Ladies' Goods, which are fashionable, durable, and cheap, will be found in Sherman & Co's New and Mammoth

## STOCK OF MERCHANDISE.

Our Goods are just bought in New York, Hartford, and other cities of the East, under the present financial pressure, and will be sold at prices unexampled by any establishment in the State. We are "in earnest" and mean what we say, when we reiterate that we shall sell goods at from 15 to 20 per cent. lower than have ever before been purchased in Paw Paw. We do not talk for effect, or attempt to "gas," or use "soft solder," but to present an uncolored statement of facts, as you will be convinced by calling at our counter and pricing for yourselves. We have connected with our Store a

## Tailoring Establishment.

Under the superintendence of one of the best workmen in the country. Our

## SHOE SHOP

Is still in operation, and turning out the best work for villagers or country wear. All kinds of Merchandise taken in exchange.

## Cash Paid for Wheat.

1858-4.

A. SHERMAN & CO.  
Paw Paw, September 27th, '58. 1847